LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

NINETY-NINTH LEGISLATURE

SECOND SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 1130

Introduced by Stuthman, 22

Read first time January 17, 2006

Committee: Revenue

A BILL

1	FOR AN	ACT relating to revenue and taxation; to amend sections
2		77-2703.04, 77-2704.31, 77-4105, and 77-4106, Reissue
3		Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and sections 77-2703.01,
4		77-2711, 77-2712.05, 77-5725, and 77-5726, Revised
5		Statutes Supplement, 2005; to authorize creation of
6		transportation development districts; to authorize a
7		local sales tax; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal
8		the original sections.

⁹ Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. (1) A city council or county board may

- 2 create one or more transportation development districts for the
- 3 purpose of improving or constructing roads, streets, bridges, and
- 4 related structures within the district by adopting a resolution of
- 5 intention to establish a district. The resolution shall contain the
- 6 following information:
- 7 (a) A description of the boundaries of the proposed
- 8 district;
- 9 (b) The time and place of a hearing to be held by
- 10 the city council or county board to consider establishment of a
- 11 district;
- 12 (c) The proposed public facilities and improvements to be
- 13 made or maintained within any such district; and
- 14 (d) The proposed or estimated costs for the facilities
- 15 and improvements and the sales tax rate to be submitted to the
- 16 registered voters under section 3 of this act.
- 17 (2) A notice of hearing shall be given by (a) one
- 18 publication of the resolution of intention in a newspaper of
- 19 general circulation in the city or county and (b) mailing a
- 20 complete copy of the resolution of intention to each owner
- 21 of taxable property within the proposed district as shown on
- 22 the latest tax rolls of the county treasurer for such county.
- 23 Publication and mailing shall be completed at least ten days prior
- 24 to the time of hearing.
- 25 (3) The city council or county board shall:

1 (a) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against

- 2 the proposed action;
- 3 (b) Rule upon all written protests received prior to the
- 4 close of the hearing, which ruling shall be final; and
- 5 (c) Continue the hearing from time to time as the city
- 6 council or county board may deem necessary.
- 7 (4) If the city council or county board decides to change
- 8 the boundaries of the proposed district, the hearing shall be
- 9 continued to a time at least fifteen days after such decision
- 10 and notice shall be given as prescribed in this section showing
- 11 the boundary amendments, but no new or additional resolution of
- 12 <u>intention shall be required.</u>
- 13 Sec. 2. The city council or county board, following
- 14 the hearing, may establish or reject the proposed transportation
- 15 development district. If the city council or county board decides
- 16 to establish the district, it shall adopt an ordinance to that
- 17 effect. This ordinance shall contain the following information:
- 18 (1) The number, date, and title of the resolution of
- 19 intention pursuant to which it was adopted;
- 20 (2) The time and place the hearing was held concerning
- 21 the formation of such district;
- 22 (3) A statement that a transportation development
- 23 district has been established;
- 24 (4) The purposes of the district and the public
- 25 improvements and facilities to be included in such district;

1 (5) The description of the boundaries of such district;

- 2 and
- 3 (6) The sales tax rate to be submitted to registered
- 4 voters under section 3 of this act.
- 5 Sec. 3. A city council or county board may impose a
- 6 sales and use tax of one-half percent, one percent, or one and
- 7 one-half percent upon the same transactions sourced as provided
- 8 in sections 77-2703.01 to 77-2703.04 within a transportation
- 9 development district on which the state is authorized to impose
- 10 a tax pursuant to the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, as amended
- 11 from time to time. Any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this
- 12 section must be used to finance the improvement or construction
- 13 of roads, streets, bridges, and related structures within the
- 14 district. A city council or county board may issue and sell its
- 15 negotiable coupon bonds to be known as transportation district
- 16 <u>development bonds in an amount not exceeding the balance of the</u>
- 17 unpaid cost of such improvements or construction. The bonds shall
- 18 be payable in not to exceed twenty years from date and bear
- 19 interest payable annually or semiannually. A sales and use tax
- 20 shall not be imposed pursuant to this section until an election has
- 21 been held and a majority of the registered voters in the district
- 22 or a majority of the property owners within the district have
- 23 approved the tax as provided in section 4 of this act.
- 24 Sec. 4. The powers granted by section 3 of this act
- 25 shall not be exercised unless and until the question has been

submitted at a primary, general, or special election held within 1 2 the transportation development district which would be subject 3 to the tax and in which all registered voters, or all property 4 owners if there are no registered voters within the district, are 5 entitled to vote on such question. The city council or county 6 board shall order the submission of the question by submitting a 7 certified copy of the resolution proposing the tax to the election 8 commissioner or county clerk. The question may include any terms 9 and conditions set forth in the resolution proposing the tax, such as a termination date or the specific project for which the 10 11 revenue received from the tax will be allocated, and shall include 12 the following language: Shall the city or county impose a sales 13 and use tax upon the same transactions within the transportation 14 development district on which the State of Nebraska is authorized 15 to impose a tax to finance roads, streets, bridges, and related 16 structures within the district? If a majority of the votes cast 17 upon the question are in favor of the tax, the city council or 18 county board may impose the tax. If a majority of those voting on 19 the question are opposed to the tax, the city council or county 20 board shall not impose the tax. Any election under this section 21 shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures provided in 22 the Election Act. 23 Sec. 5. The election commissioner or county clerk shall 24 give notice of the submission of the question of imposing a tax 25 under section 3 of this act not more than thirty days nor less than

ten days before the election, by publication one time in one or 1 2 more newspapers published in or of general circulation in the city 3 or county in which the question is to be submitted. This notice is 4 in addition to any other notice required under the Election Act. 5 Sec. 6. (1) The Tax Commissioner shall administer all 6 sales and use taxes adopted under section 3 of this act. The 7 Tax Commissioner may prescribe forms and adopt and promulgate reasonable rules and regulations in conformity with the Nebraska 9 Revenue Act of 1967, as amended, for the making of returns and 10 for the ascertainment, assessment, and collection of taxes. The 11 city or county shall furnish a certified copy of the adopting or 12 repealing resolution to the Tax Commissioner in accordance with 13 such rules and regulations. The tax shall begin the first day of 14 the next calendar quarter which is at least one hundred twenty days 15 following receipt by the Tax Commissioner of the certified copy of the adopted resolution. The Tax Commissioner shall provide at least 16 17 sixty days' notice of the adoption of the tax or a change in the rate to retailers. Notice shall be provided to retailers within 18 19 the transportation development district. Notice to retailers may be 20 provided through the web site of the Department of Revenue or by 21 other electronic means. 22 (2) For resolutions containing a termination date, the 23 termination date shall be the first day of a calendar quarter. The

county shall furnish a certified statement to the Tax Commissioner

no more than one hundred eighty days and at least one hundred

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twenty days before the termination date that the termination date 1 2 stated in the resolution is still valid. If the certified statement 3 is not furnished within the prescribed time, the tax shall remain in effect, and the Tax Commissioner shall continue to collect the 5 tax until the first day of the calendar quarter which is at least 6 one hundred twenty days after receipt of the certified statement 7 notwithstanding the termination date stated in the resolution. The Tax Commissioner shall provide at least sixty days' notice of the 9 termination of the tax to retailers. Notice shall be provided to 10 retailers within the transportation development district. Notice to 11 retailers may be provided through the web site of the department or 12 other electronic means. 13 (3) In the rental or lease of automobiles, trucks, 14 trailers, semitrailers, and truck-tractors as defined in the Motor 15 Vehicle Registration Act, the tax shall be collected by the lessor on the rental or lease price at the tax rate in effect on the date 16 the automobile, truck, trailer, semitrailer, or truck-tractor is 17 18 delivered to the lessee. 19 (4) The Tax Commissioner shall collect the sales and 20 use tax concurrently with collection of a state tax in the same 21 manner as the state tax is collected. The Tax Commissioner shall 22 remit monthly the proceeds of the tax to the cities and counties 23 imposing the tax for deposit in a special fund to be used to 24 finance the improvement or construction of roads, streets, bridges, 25 and related structures within the district, after deducting the

1 amount of refunds made and three percent of the remainder as

- 2 an administrative fee necessary to defray the cost of collecting
- 3 the tax and the expenses incident thereto. The Tax Commissioner
- 4 shall keep full and accurate records of all money received and
- 5 distributed. All receipts from the three-percent administrative fee
- 6 shall be deposited in the General Fund.
- 7 (5) Upon any claim of illegal assessment and collection,
- 8 the taxpayer has the same remedies provided for claims of illegal
- 9 assessment and collection of the state tax. It is the intention
- 10 of the Legislature that the provisions of law which apply to the
- 11 recovery of state taxes illegally assessed and collected apply
- 12 to the recovery of sales and use taxes illegally assessed and
- 13 collected under section 3 of this act.
- 14 (6) Boundary changes that affects any tax imposed by this
- 15 section shall be governed as provided in subsections (3) through
- 16 (9) of section 77-27,143.
- 17 Sec. 7. (1) All relevant provisions of the Nebraska
- 18 Revenue Act of 1967, as amended, not inconsistent with sections
- 19 3 to 6 of this act, shall govern transactions, proceedings, and
- 20 activities pursuant to any sales and use tax imposed by a city or
- 21 county under such sections.
- 22 (2) For the purposes of the sales and use tax imposed by
- 23 a city or county, all retail sales, rentals, and leases, as defined
- 24 and described in the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, are sourced as
- 25 provided in sections 77-2703.01 to 77-2703.04.

1 Sec. 8. The city council or county board may disestablish

- 2 a transportation development district by ordinance after a hearing
- 3 before the city council. The city council or county board shall
- 4 adopt a resolution of intention to disestablish the area at least
- 5 fifteen days prior to the hearing required by this section. The
- 6 resolution shall give the time and place of the hearing. Upon
- 7 disestablishment of a district, any proceeds of the sales tax shall
- 8 be subject to disposition as the city council or county board shall
- 9 determine.
- 10 Sec. 9. Section 77-2703.01, Revised Statutes Supplement,
- 11 2005, is amended to read:
- 12 77-2703.01 (1) The determination of whether a sale or use
- 13 of property or the provision of services is in this state, in a
- 14 municipality that has adopted a tax under the Local Option Revenue
- 15 Act or section 3 of this act, or in a county that has adopted a tax
- 16 under section 13-319 or section 3 of this act shall be governed by
- 17 the sourcing rules in sections 77-2703.01 to 77-2703.04.
- 18 (2) When the property or service is received by the
- 19 purchaser at a business location of the retailer, the sale is
- 20 sourced to that business location.
- 21 (3) When the property or service is not received by the
- 22 purchaser at a business location of the retailer, the sale is
- 23 sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser or the
- 24 purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser, occurs,
- 25 including the location indicated by instructions for delivery to

- 1 the purchaser or donee, known to the retailer.
- 2 (4) When subsection (2) or (3) of this section does not
- 3 apply, the sale is sourced to the location indicated by an address
- 4 or other information for the purchaser that is available from
- 5 the business records of the retailer that are maintained in the
- 6 ordinary course of the retailer's business when use of this address
- 7 does not constitute bad faith.
- 8 (5) When subsection (2), (3), or (4) of this section does
- 9 not apply, the sale is sourced to the location indicated by an
- 10 address for the purchaser obtained during the consummation of the
- 11 sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if
- 12 no other address is available, when use of this address does not
- 13 constitute bad faith.
- 14 (6) When subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section
- 15 does not apply, including the circumstance in which the retailer
- 16 is without sufficient information to apply the rules in any such
- 17 subsection, then the location will be determined by the address
- 18 from which property was shipped, from which the digital good was
- 19 first available for transmission by the retailer, or from which the
- 20 service was provided disregarding for these purposes any location
- 21 that merely provided the digital transfer of the product sold.
- 22 (7) The lease or rental of tangible personal property,
- 23 other than property identified in subsection (8) or (9) of this
- 24 section, shall be sourced as follows:
- 25 (a) For a lease or rental that requires recurring

1 periodic payments, the first periodic payment is sourced the same

- 2 as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsections
- 3 (2) through (6) of this section. Periodic payments made subsequent
- 4 to the first payment are sourced to the primary property location
- 5 for each period covered by the payment. The primary property
- 6 location shall be as indicated by an address for the property
- 7 provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its
- 8 records maintained in the ordinary course of business when use of
- 9 this address does not constitute bad faith. The property location
- 10 shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations,
- 11 such as use of business property that accompanies employees on
- 12 business trips and service calls; and
- 13 (b) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring
- 14 periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale
- 15 in accordance with the provisions of subsections (2) through (6) of
- 16 this section.
- 17 This subsection does not affect the imposition or
- 18 computation of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a
- 19 lump-sum or accelerated basis or on the acquisition of property
- 20 for lease.
- 21 (8) The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers,
- 22 semitrailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as transportation
- 23 equipment under subsection (9) of this section shall be sourced as
- 24 follows:
- 25 (a) For a lease or rental that requires recurring

1 periodic payments, each periodic payment is sourced to the primary

- 2 property location. The primary property location shall be as
- 3 indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee
- 4 that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in
- 5 the ordinary course of business when use of this address does
- 6 not constitute bad faith. This location shall not be altered by
- 7 intermittent use at different locations; and
- 8 (b) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring
- 9 periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale
- 10 in accordance with the provisions of subsections (2) through (6) of
- 11 this section.
- 12 This subsection does not affect the imposition or
- 13 computation of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a
- 14 lump-sum or accelerated basis or on the acquisition of property
- 15 for lease.
- 16 (9) The retail sale, including lease or rental, of
- 17 transportation equipment shall be sourced the same as a retail sale
- 18 in accordance with subsections (2) through (6) of this section.
- 19 Transportation equipment means any of the following:
- 20 (a) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for the
- 21 carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce;
- 22 (b) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle
- 23 weight rating of ten thousand one pounds or greater, trailers,
- 24 semitrailers, or passenger buses that are (i) registered through
- 25 the International Registration Plan and (ii) operated under

1 authority of a carrier authorized and certificated by the United

- 2 States Department of Transportation or another federal authority
- 3 to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate
- 4 commerce;
- 5 (c) Aircraft operated by air carriers authorized and
- 6 certificated by the United States Department of Transportation or
- 7 another federal authority or a foreign authority to engage in the
- 8 carriage of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce;
- 9 and
- 10 (d) Containers designed for use on and component parts
- 11 attached or secured on the items set forth in subdivisions (9)(a)
- 12 through (c) of this section.
- 13 (10) For purposes of this section, receive and receipt
- 14 mean taking possession of tangible personal property, making first
- 15 use of services, or taking possession or making first use of
- 16 digital goods, whichever comes first. The terms receive and receipt
- 17 do not include possession by a shipping company on behalf of
- 18 the purchaser. For purposes of sourcing detective services subject
- 19 to tax under subdivision (10)(i) of section 77-2701.16, making
- 20 first use of a service shall be deemed to be at the individual's
- 21 residence, in the case of a customer who is an individual, or
- 22 at the principal place of business, in the case of a business
- 23 customer.
- 24 (11) The sale, not including lease or rental, of a motor
- 25 vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer as defined in the Motor Vehicle

1 Registration Act shall be sourced to the place of registration of

- 2 the motor vehicle, semitrailer, or trailer for operation upon the
- 3 highways of this state.
- 4 (12) The sale or lease for one year or more of motorboats
- 5 shall be sourced to the place of registration of the motorboat. The
- 6 lease of motorboats for less than one year shall be sourced to the
- 7 point of delivery.
- 8 Sec. 10. Section 77-2703.04, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 9 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 10 77-2703.04 (1) Except for the telecommunications
- 11 service defined in subsection (3) of this section, the sale of
- 12 telecommunications service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be
- 13 sourced to (a) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
- 14 originates and terminates in that jurisdiction or (b) each level of
- 15 taxing jurisdiction where the call either originates or terminates
- 16 and in which the service address is also located.
- 17 (2) Except for the telecommunications service defined
- 18 in subsection (3) of this section, a sale of telecommunications
- 19 service sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis is sourced
- 20 to the customer's place of primary use.
- 21 (3)(a) For mobile telecommunications service provided and
- 22 billed to a customer by a home service provider:
- 23 (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any
- 24 local ordinance or resolution, such mobile telecommunications
- 25 service is deemed to be provided by the customer's home service

- 1 provider;
- 2 (ii) All taxable charges for such mobile
- 3 telecommunications service shall be subject to tax by the state or
- 4 other taxing jurisdiction in this state whose territorial limits
- 5 encompass the customer's place of primary use regardless of where
- 6 the mobile telecommunications service originates, terminates, or
- 7 passes through; and
- 8 (iii) No taxes, charges, or fees may be imposed on a
- 9 customer with a place of primary use outside this state.
- 10 (b) In accordance with the federal Mobile
- 11 Telecommunications Sourcing Act, as such act existed on July 20,
- 12 2002, the Tax Commissioner may, but is not required to:
- 13 (i) Provide or contract for a tax assignment data base
- 14 based upon standards identified in 4 U.S.C. 119, as such section
- 15 existed on July 20, 2002, with the following conditions:
- 16 (A) If such data base is provided, a home service
- 17 provider shall be held harmless for any tax that otherwise would
- 18 result from any errors or omissions attributable to reliance on
- 19 such data base; or
- 20 (B) If such data base is not provided, a home service
- 21 provider may rely on an enhanced zip code for identifying the
- 22 proper taxing jurisdictions and shall be held harmless for any
- 23 tax that otherwise would result from any errors or omissions
- 24 attributable to reliance on such enhanced zip code if the home
- 25 service provider identified the taxing jurisdiction through the

1 exercise of due diligence and complied with any procedures that may

- 2 be adopted by the Tax Commissioner. Any such procedure shall be in
- 3 accordance with 4 U.S.C. 120, as such section existed on July 20,
- 4 2002; and
- 5 (ii) Adopt procedures for correcting errors in the
- 6 assignment of primary use that are consistent with 4 U.S.C.
- 7 121, as such section existed on July 20, 2002.
- 8 (c) If charges for mobile telecommunications service that
- 9 are not subject to tax are aggregated with and not separately
- 10 stated on the bill from charges that are subject to tax, the total
- 11 charge to the customer shall be subject to tax unless the home
- 12 service provider can reasonably separate charges not subject to tax
- 13 using the records of the home service provider that are kept in the
- 14 regular course of business.
- 15 (d) For purposes of this subsection:
- 16 (i) Customer means an individual, business, organization,
- 17 or other person contracting to receive mobile telecommunications
- 18 service from a home service provider. Customer does not include a
- 19 reseller of mobile telecommunications service or a serving carrier
- 20 under an arrangement to serve the customer outside the home service
- 21 provider's service area;
- 22 (ii) Home service provider means a telecommunications
- 23 company as defined in section 86-322 that has contracted with a
- 24 customer to provide mobile telecommunications service;
- 25 (iii) Mobile telecommunications service means a wireless

1 communication service carried on between mobile stations or

- 2 receivers and land stations, and by mobile stations communicating
- 3 among themselves, and includes (A) both one-way and two-way
- 4 wireless communication services, (B) a mobile service which
- 5 provides a regularly interacting group of base, mobile, portable,
- 6 and associated control and relay stations, whether on an
- 7 individual, cooperative, or multiple basis for private one-way or
- 8 two-way land mobile radio communications by eligible users over
- 9 designated areas of operation, and (C) any personal communication
- 10 service;
- 11 (iv) Place of primary use means the street address
- 12 representative of where the customer's use of mobile
- 13 telecommunications service primarily occurs. The place of
- 14 primary use shall be the residential street address or the primary
- 15 business street address of the customer and shall be within the
- 16 service area of the home service provider; and
- 17 (v) Tax means the sales taxes levied under sections
- 18 13-319, 77-2703, and 77-27,142 and section 3 of this act, the
- 19 surcharges levied under the Enhanced Wireless 911 Services Act,
- 20 the Nebraska Telecommunications Universal Service Fund Act, and
- 21 the Telecommunications Relay System Act, and any other tax levied
- 22 against the customer based on the amount charged to the customer.
- 23 Tax does not mean an income tax, property tax, franchise tax, or
- 24 any other tax levied on the home service provider that is not based
- 25 on the amount charged to the customer.

1 (4) A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to

- 2 the origination point of the telecommunications signal as first
- 3 identified by either (a) the seller's telecommunications system, or
- 4 (b) information received by the seller from its service provider,
- 5 where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the
- 6 seller.
- 7 (5) A sale of prepaid calling service is sourced in
- 8 accordance with section 77-2703.01, except that in the case of
- 9 a sale of mobile telecommunications service that is a prepaid
- 10 telecommunications service, the rule provided in section 77-2703.01
- 11 shall include as an option the location associated with the mobile
- 12 telephone number.
- 13 (6) A sale of a private communication service is sourced
- 14 as follows:
- 15 (a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer
- 16 channel termination point is sourced to each level of jurisdiction
- 17 in which such customer channel termination point is located;
- 18 (b) Service where all customer termination points are
- 19 located entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction
- 20 is sourced in such jurisdiction in which the customer channel
- 21 termination points are located;
- 22 (c) Service for segments of a channel between two
- 23 customer channel termination points located in different
- 24 jurisdictions and which segments of channel are separately charged
- 25 is sourced fifty percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the

- 1 customer channel termination points are located; and
- 2 (d) Service for segments of a channel located in more
- 3 than one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments
- 4 are not separately billed is sourced in each jurisdiction based
- 5 on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer
- 6 channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number
- 7 of customer channel termination points.
- 8 (7) For purposes of this section:
- 9 (a) Air-to-ground radiotelephone service means a radio
- 10 service, as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. 22.99, as such
- 11 regulation existed on January 1, 2003, in which common carriers are
- 12 authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service
- 13 for hire to subscribers in aircraft;
- 14 (b) Call-by-call basis means any method of charging
- 15 for telecommunications service where the price is measured by
- 16 individual calls;
- 17 (c) Communications channel means a physical or virtual
- 18 path of communications over which signals are transmitted between
- 19 or among customer channel termination points;
- 20 (d) Customer means the person or entity that contracts
- 21 with the seller of telecommunications service. If the end user
- 22 of telecommunications service is not the contracting party, the
- 23 end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the
- 24 telecommunications service, but this sentence only applies for the
- 25 purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications service under this

1 section. Customer does not include a reseller of telecommunications

- 2 service or for mobile telecommunications service of a serving
- 3 carrier under an agreement to serve the customer outside the home
- 4 service provider's licensed service area;
- 5 (e) Customer channel termination point means the location
- 6 where the customer either inputs or receives the communications;
- 7 (f) End user means the person who utilizes the
- 8 telecommunications service. In the case of an entity, end user
- 9 means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of the
- 10 entity;
- 11 (q) Post-paid calling service means the
- 12 telecommunications service obtained by making a payment on a
- 13 call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or
- 14 payment mechanism, such as a bank card, travel card, credit card,
- 15 or debit card, or by a charge made to a telephone number which
- 16 is not associated with the origination or termination of the
- 17 telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes a
- 18 telecommunications service that would be a prepaid calling service
- 19 except it is not exclusively a telecommunications service;
- 20 (h) Prepaid calling service means the right to access
- 21 exclusively telecommunications service, which is paid for in
- 22 advance and which enables the origination of calls using an access
- 23 number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically
- 24 dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which
- 25 the number declines with use in a known amount;

1 (i) Private communication service means a

- 2 telecommunications service that entitles the customer to exclusive
- 3 or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels
- 4 between or among termination points, regardless of the manner
- 5 in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes
- 6 switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other
- 7 associated services that are provided in connection with the use
- 8 of such channel or channels; and
- 9 (j) Service address means the location of the
- 10 telecommunications equipment to which a customer's call is charged
- 11 and from which the call originates or terminates, regardless of
- 12 where the call is billed or paid. If this location is not known,
- 13 service address means the origination point of the signal of the
- 14 telecommunications service first identified either by the seller's
- 15 telecommunications system, or in information received by the seller
- 16 from its service provider, where the system used to transport such
- 17 signals is not that of the seller. If both locations are not known,
- 18 the service address means the location of the customer's place of
- 19 primary use.
- 20 Sec. 11. Section 77-2704.31, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 21 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 22 77-2704.31 If any person who causes property or service
- 23 to be brought into this state has already paid a tax in another
- 24 state with respect to the sale or use of such property or service
- 25 in an amount less than the tax imposed by sections 13-319, 13-2813,

1 77-2703, and 77-27,142 and section 3 of this act, the provisions

- 2 of subsection (2) of section 77-2703 shall apply, but at a rate
- 3 measured by the difference only between the rate imposed by such
- 4 sections and the rate by which the previous tax on the sale or use
- 5 was computed. If such tax imposed and paid in such other state is
- 6 equal to or more than the tax imposed by such sections, then no
- 7 use tax shall be due in this state on such property if such other
- 8 state, territory, or possession grants a reciprocal exclusion or
- 9 exemption to similar transactions in this state.
- 10 Sec. 12. Section 77-2711, Revised Statutes Supplement,
- 11 2005, is amended to read:
- 12 77-2711 (1)(a) The Tax Commissioner shall enforce
- 13 sections 77-2701.04 to 77-2713 and may prescribe, adopt, and
- 14 enforce rules and regulations relating to the administration and
- 15 enforcement of such sections.
- 16 (b) The Tax Commissioner may prescribe the extent to
- 17 which any ruling or regulation shall be applied without retroactive
- 18 effect.
- 19 (2) The Tax Commissioner may employ accountants,
- 20 auditors, investigators, assistants, and clerks necessary for the
- 21 efficient administration of the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 and
- 22 may delegate authority to his or her representatives to conduct
- 23 hearings, prescribe regulations, or perform any other duties
- 24 imposed by such act.
- 25 (3)(a) Every seller, every retailer, and every person

storing, using, or otherwise consuming in this state property 1

- 2 purchased from a retailer shall keep such records, receipts,
- 3 invoices, and other pertinent papers in such form as the Tax
- Commissioner may reasonably require. 4
- 5 (b) Every such seller, retailer, or person shall keep
- such records for not less than three years from the making of such 6
- 7 records unless the Tax Commissioner in writing sooner authorized
- 8 their destruction.
- 9 (4) The Tax Commissioner or any person authorized in 10 writing by him or her may examine the books, papers, records, and 11 equipment of any person selling property and any person liable for 12 the use tax and may investigate the character of the business of 13 the person in order to verify the accuracy of any return made or, 14 if no return is made by the person, to ascertain and determine 15 the amount required to be paid. In the examination of any person 16 selling property or of any person liable for the use tax, an 17 inquiry shall be made as to the accuracy of the reporting of city sales and use taxes for which the person is liable under the 18 19 Local Option Revenue Act or sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 20 and section 3 of this act and the accuracy of the allocation 21 made between the various counties, cities, villages, and municipal 22 counties of the tax due. The Tax Commissioner may make or cause to be made copies of resale or exemption certificates and may pay a
- 25 providing such copies.

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reasonable amount to the person having custody of the records for

1 (5) The taxpayer shall have the right to keep or store

- 2 his or her records at a point outside this state and shall make his
- 3 or her records available to the Tax Commissioner at all times.
- 4 (6) In administration of the use tax, the Tax
- 5 Commissioner may require the filing of reports by any person or
- 6 class of persons having in his, her, or their possession or custody
- 7 information relating to sales of property, the storage, use, or
- 8 other consumption of which is subject to the tax. The report shall
- 9 be filed when the Tax Commissioner requires and shall set forth the
- 10 names and addresses of purchasers of the property, the sales price
- 11 of the property, the date of sale, and such other information as
- 12 the Tax Commissioner may require.
- 13 (7) It shall be a Class I misdemeanor for the Tax
- 14 Commissioner or any official or employee of the Tax Commissioner,
- 15 the State Treasurer, or the Department of Administrative Services
- 16 to make known in any manner whatever the business affairs,
- 17 operations, or information obtained by an investigation of records
- 18 and activities of any retailer or any other person visited
- 19 or examined in the discharge of official duty or the amount
- 20 or source of income, profits, losses, expenditures, or any
- 21 particular thereof, set forth or disclosed in any return, or
- 22 to permit any return or copy thereof, or any book containing
- 23 any abstract or particulars thereof to be seen or examined by
- 24 any person not connected with the Tax Commissioner. Nothing in
- 25 this section shall be construed to prohibit (a) the delivery to

a taxpayer, his or her duly authorized representative, or his 1 2 or her successors, receivers, trustees, executors, administrators, 3 assignees, or guarantors, if directly interested, of a certified copy of any return or report in connection with his or her tax, 5 (b) the publication of statistics so classified as to prevent 6 the identification of particular reports or returns and the items 7 thereof, (c) the inspection by the Attorney General, other legal representative of the state, or county attorney of the reports 9 or returns of any taxpayer when either (i) information on the 10 reports or returns is considered by the Attorney General to be 11 relevant to any action or proceeding instituted by the taxpayer 12 or against whom an action or proceeding is being considered or 13 has been commenced by any state agency or the county or (ii) the 14 taxpayer has instituted an action to review the tax based thereon 15 or an action or proceeding against the taxpayer for collection of 16 tax or failure to comply with the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 is being considered or has been commenced, (d) the furnishing of any 17 18 information to the United States Government or to states allowing similar privileges to the Tax Commissioner, (e) the disclosure of 19 20 information and records to a collection agency contracting with the 21 Tax Commissioner pursuant to sections 77-377.01 to 77-377.04, (f) 22 the disclosure to another party to a transaction of information 23 and records concerning the transaction between the taxpayer and 24 the other party, or (g) the disclosure of information pursuant to 25 section 77-27,195 or section 77-5731.

1 (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (7) of 2 this section, the Tax Commissioner may permit the Postal Inspector 3 of the United States Postal Service or his or her delegates to inspect the reports or returns of any person filed pursuant to the 4 5 Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 when information on the reports or returns is relevant to any action or proceeding instituted or being 6 7 considered by the United States Postal Service against such person 8 for the fraudulent use of the mails to carry and deliver false and 9 fraudulent tax returns to the Tax Commissioner with the intent to 10 defraud the State of Nebraska or to evade the payment of Nebraska 11 state taxes.

- (9) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (7) of this section, the Tax Commissioner may permit other tax officials of this state to inspect the tax returns, reports, and applications filed under sections 77-2701.04 to 77-2713, but such inspection shall be permitted only for purposes of enforcing a tax law and only to the extent and under the conditions prescribed by the rules and regulations of the Tax Commissioner.
- of this section, the Tax Commissioner may, upon request, provide the county board of any county which has exercised the authority granted by section 81-1254 with a list of the names and addresses of the hotels located within the county for which lodging sales tax returns have been filed or for which lodging sales taxes have been remitted for the county's County Visitors Promotion Fund under the

- 1 Nebraska Visitors Development Act.
- 2 The information provided by the Tax Commissioner shall
- 3 indicate only the names and addresses of the hotels located within
- 4 the requesting county for which lodging sales tax returns have been
- 5 filed for a specified period and the fact that lodging sales taxes
- 6 remitted by or on behalf of the hotel have constituted a portion of
- 7 the total sum remitted by the state to the county for a specified
- 8 period under the provisions of the Nebraska Visitors Development
- 9 Act. No additional information shall be revealed.
- 10 (11) In all proceedings under the Nebraska Revenue Act
- 11 of 1967, the Tax Commissioner may act for and on behalf of the
- 12 people of the State of Nebraska. The Tax Commissioner in his or
- 13 her discretion may waive all or part of any penalties provided by
- 14 the provisions of such act, but may not waive the minimum interest
- 15 on delinquent taxes specified in section 45-104.02, as such rate
- 16 may from time to time be adjusted, except interest on use taxes
- 17 voluntarily reported by an individual.
- 18 (12)(a) The purpose of this subsection is to set forth
- 19 the state's policy for the protection of the confidentiality
- 20 rights of all participants in the system operated pursuant to
- 21 the streamlined sales and use tax agreement and of the privacy
- 22 interests of consumers who deal with model 1 sellers.
- 23 (b) For purposes of this subsection:
- 24 (i) Anonymous data means information that does not
- 25 identify a person;

1 (ii) Confidential taxpayer information means all

- 2 information that is protected under a member state's laws,
- 3 regulations, and privileges; and
- 4 (iii) Personally identifiable information means
- 5 information that identifies a person.
- 6 (c) The state agrees that a fundamental precept for model
- 7 1 sellers is to preserve the privacy of consumers by protecting
- 8 their anonymity. With very limited exceptions, a certified service
- 9 provider shall perform its tax calculation, remittance, and
- 10 reporting functions without retaining the personally identifiable
- 11 information of consumers.
- 12 (d) The governing board of the member states in the
- 13 streamlined sales and use tax agreement may certify a certified
- 14 service provider only if that certified service provider certifies
- 15 that:
- 16 (i) Its system has been designed and tested to ensure
- 17 that the fundamental precept of anonymity is respected;
- 18 (ii) Personally identifiable information is only used and
- 19 retained to the extent necessary for the administration of model 1
- 20 with respect to exempt purchasers;
- 21 (iii) It provides consumers clear and conspicuous
- 22 notice of its information practices, including what information
- 23 it collects, how it collects the information, how it uses the
- 24 information, how long, if at all, it retains the information, and
- 25 whether it discloses the information to member states. Such notice

1 shall be satisfied by a written privacy policy statement accessible

- 2 by the public on the web site of the certified service provider;
- 3 (iv) Its collection, use, and retention of personally
- 4 identifiable information is limited to that required by the member
- 5 states to ensure the validity of exemptions from taxation that are
- 6 claimed by reason of a consumer's status or the intended use of the
- 7 goods or services purchased; and
- 8 (v) It provides adequate technical, physical, and
- 9 administrative safeguards so as to protect personally identifiable
- 10 information from unauthorized access and disclosure.
- 11 (e) The state shall provide public notification to
- 12 consumers, including exempt purchasers, of the state's practices
- 13 relating to the collection, use, and retention of personally
- 14 identifiable information.
- 15 (f) When any personally identifiable information that
- 16 has been collected and retained is no longer required for the
- 17 purposes set forth in subdivision (12)(d)(iv) of this section, such
- 18 information shall no longer be retained by the member states.
- 19 (g) When personally identifiable information regarding an
- 20 individual is retained by or on behalf of the state, it shall
- 21 provide reasonable access by such individual to his or her own
- 22 information in the state's possession and a right to correct any
- 23 inaccurately recorded information.
- 24 (h) If anyone other than a member state, or a person
- 25 authorized by that state's law or the agreement, seeks to discover

1 personally identifiable information, the state from whom the

- 2 information is sought should make a reasonable and timely effort to
- 3 notify the individual of such request.
- 4 (i) This privacy policy is subject to enforcement by the
- 5 Attorney General.
- 6 (j) All other laws and regulations regarding the
- 7 collection, use, and maintenance of confidential taxpayer
- 8 information remain fully applicable and binding. Without
- 9 limitation, this subsection does not enlarge or limit the state's
- 10 authority to:
- 11 (i) Conduct audits or other reviews as provided under the
- 12 agreement and state law;
- 13 (ii) Provide records pursuant to the federal Freedom of
- 14 Information Act, disclosure laws with governmental agencies, or
- 15 other regulations;
- 16 (iii) Prevent, consistent with state law, disclosure of
- 17 confidential taxpayer information;
- 18 (iv) Prevent, consistent with federal law, disclosure or
- 19 misuse of federal return information obtained under a disclosure
- 20 agreement with the Internal Revenue Service; and
- 21 (v) Collect, disclose, disseminate, or otherwise use
- 22 anonymous data for governmental purposes.
- 23 Sec. 13. Section 77-2712.05, Revised Statutes Supplement,
- 24 2005, is amended to read:
- 25 77-2712.05 By agreeing to the terms of the streamlined

1 sales and use tax agreement, this state agrees to abide by the

- 2 following requirements:
- 3 (1) Uniform state rate. The state shall comply with
- 4 restrictions to achieve over time more uniform state rates through
- 5 the following:
- 6 (a) Limiting the number of state rates;
- 7 (b) Limiting the application of maximums on the amount of
- 8 state tax that is due on a transaction; and
- 9 (c) Limiting the application of thresholds on the
- 10 application of state tax;
- 11 (2) Uniform standards. The state hereby establishes
- 12 uniform standards for the following:
- 13 (a) Sourcing of transactions to taxing jurisdictions as
- 14 provided in sections 77-2703.01 to 77-2703.04;
- 15 (b) Administration of exempt sales as set out by the
- 16 agreement and using procedures as determined by the governing
- 17 board;
- 18 (c) Allowances a seller can take for bad debts as
- 19 provided in section 77-2708; and
- 20 (d) Sales and use tax returns and remittances. To comply
- 21 with the agreement, the Tax Commissioner shall:
- 22 (i) Require only one remittance for each return except
- 23 as provided in this subdivision. If any additional remittance is
- 24 required, it may only be required from retailers that collect more
- 25 than thirty thousand dollars in sales and use taxes in the state

1 during the preceding calendar year as provided in this subdivision.

- 2 The amount of the additional remittance shall be determined through
- 3 a calculation method rather than actual collections and shall not
- 4 require the filing of an additional return;
- 5 (ii) Require, at his or her discretion, all remittances
- 6 from sellers under models 1, 2, and 3 to be remitted
- 7 electronically;
- 8 (iii) Allow for electronic payments by both automated
- 9 clearinghouse credit and debit;
- 10 (iv) Provide an alternative method for making same day
- 11 payments if an electronic funds transfer fails;
- 12 (v) Provide that if a due date falls on a legal banking
- 13 holiday, the taxes are due to that state on the next succeeding
- 14 business day; and
- 15 (vi) Require that any data that accompanies a remittance
- 16 be formatted using uniform tax type and payment type codes approved
- 17 by the governing board of the member states to the streamlined
- 18 sales and use tax agreement;
- 19 (3) Uniform definitions. (a) The state shall utilize the
- 20 uniform definitions of sales and use tax terms as provided in the
- 21 agreement. The definitions enable Nebraska to preserve its ability
- 22 to make taxability and exemption choices not inconsistent with the
- 23 uniform definitions.
- 24 (b) The state may enact a product-based exemption without
- 25 restriction if the agreement does not have a definition for the

1 product or for a term that includes the product. If the agreement

- 2 has a definition for the product or for a term that includes
- 3 the product, the state may exempt all items included within the
- 4 definition but shall not exempt only part of the items included
- 5 within the definition unless the agreement sets out the exemption
- 6 for part of the items as an acceptable variation.
- 7 (c) The state may enact an entity-based or a use-based
- 8 exemption without restriction if the agreement does not have a
- 9 definition for the product whose use or purchase by a specific
- 10 entity is exempt or for a term that includes the product. If the
- 11 agreement has a definition for the product whose use or specific
- 12 purchase is exempt, states may enact an entity-based or a use-based
- 13 exemption that applies to that product as long as the exemption
- 14 utilizes the agreement definition of the product. If the agreement
- 15 does not have a definition for the product whose use or specific
- 16 purchase is exempt but has a definition for a term that includes
- 17 the product, states may enact an entity-based or a use-based
- 18 exemption for the product without restriction.
- 19 (d) For purposes of complying with the requirements in
- 20 this section, the inclusion of a product within the definition of
- 21 tangible personal property is disregarded;
- 22 (4) Central registration. The state shall participate in
- 23 an electronic central registration system that allows a seller to
- 24 register to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all member
- 25 states. Under the system:

1 (a) A retailer registering under the agreement is

- 2 registered in this state;
- 3 (b) The state agrees not to require the payment of any
- 4 registration fees or other charges for a retailer to register in
- 5 the state if the retailer has no legal requirement to register;
- 6 (c) A written signature from the retailer is not
- 7 required;
- 8 (d) An agent may register a retailer under uniform
- 9 procedures adopted by the member states pursuant to the agreement;
- 10 (e) A retailer may cancel its registration under the
- 11 system at any time under uniform procedures adopted by the
- 12 governing board. Cancellation does not relieve the retailer of its
- 13 liability for remitting to the proper states any taxes collected;
- 14 (f) When registering, the retailer that is registered
- 15 under the agreement may select one of the following methods of
- 16 remittances or other method allowed by state law to remit the taxes
- 17 collected:
- 18 (i) Model 1, wherein a seller selects a certified service
- 19 provider as an agent to perform all the seller's sales or use tax
- 20 functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its
- 21 own purchases;
- 22 (ii) Model 2, wherein a seller selects a certified
- 23 automated system to use which calculates the amount of tax due on a
- 24 transaction; and
- 25 (iii) Model 3, wherein a seller utilizes its own

1 proprietary automated sales tax system that has been certified

- 2 as a certified automated system; and
- 3 (g) Sellers who register within twelve months after this
- 4 state's participation in the agreement are relieved from liability,
- 5 including the local option tax, for tax not collected or paid
- 6 if the seller was not registered during the twelve months prior
- 7 to this state's participation in the agreement. Such relief from
- 8 liability shall be in accordance with the terms of the agreement;
- 9 (5) No nexus attribution. The state agrees that
- 10 registration with the central registration system and the
- 11 collection of sales and use taxes in the state will not be used as
- 12 a factor in determining whether the seller has nexus with the state
- 13 for any tax at any time;
- 14 (6) Local sales and use taxes. The agreement requires
- 15 the reduction of the burdens of complying with local sales and use
- 16 taxes as provided in sections 13-319, 13-324, 13-326, 77-2701.03,
- 17 77-27,142, 77-27,143, and 77-27,144 and section 3 of this act that
- 18 require the following:
- 19 (a) No variation between the state and local tax bases;
- 20 (b) Statewide administration of all sales and use taxes
- 21 levied by local jurisdictions within the state so that sellers
- 22 collecting and remitting these taxes will not have to register or
- 23 file returns with, remit funds to, or be subject to independent
- 24 audits from local taxing jurisdictions;
- 25 (c) Limitations on the frequency of changes in the local

1 sales and use tax rates and setting effective dates for the

- 2 application of local jurisdictional boundary changes to local sales
- 3 and use taxes; and
- 4 (d) Uniform notice of changes in local sales and use
- 5 tax rates and of changes in the boundaries of local taxing
- 6 jurisdictions;
- 7 (7) Complete a taxability matrix approved by the
- 8 governing board. (a) Notice of changes in the taxability of the
- 9 products or services listed will be provided as required by the
- 10 governing board.
- 11 (b) The entries in the matrix shall be provided and
- 12 maintained in a data base that is in a downloadable format approved
- 13 by the governing board.
- 14 (c) Sellers and certified service providers are relieved
- 15 from liability, including the local option tax, for having charged
- 16 and collected the incorrect amount of sales or use tax resulting
- 17 from the seller or certified service provider relying on erroneous
- 18 data provided by the member state in the taxability matrix;
- 19 (8) Monetary allowances. The state agrees to allow any
- 20 monetary allowances that are to be provided by the states to
- 21 sellers or certified service providers in exchange for collecting
- 22 sales and use taxes as provided in Article VI of the agreement;
- 23 (9) State compliance. The agreement requires the state to
- 24 certify compliance with the terms of the agreement prior to joining
- 25 and to maintain compliance, under the laws of the member state,

- 1 with all provisions of the agreement while a member;
- 2 (10) Consumer privacy. The state hereby adopts a uniform
- 3 policy for certified service providers that protects the privacy of
- 4 consumers and maintains the confidentiality of tax information as
- 5 provided in section 77-2711; and
- 6 (11) Advisory councils. The state agrees to
- 7 the appointment of an advisory council of private-sector
- 8 representatives and an advisory council of nonmember state
- 9 representatives to consult with in the administration of the
- 10 agreement.
- 11 Sec. 14. Section 77-4105, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 12 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 13 77-4105 (1) A taxpayer who has signed an agreement under
- 14 section 77-4104 may elect to determine taxable income for purposes
- 15 of the Nebraska income tax using the sales factor only. The
- 16 election may be made for the year during which the application was
- 17 filed and for each year thereafter through the eighth year after
- 18 the end of the entitlement period. The election shall be made for
- 19 the year of the election by computing taxable income using the
- 20 sales factor only on the tax return.
- 21 (2) A taxpayer who has signed an agreement under section
- 22 77-4104 shall receive the incentive provided in this subsection
- 23 if the agreement contains one or more projects which together
- 24 will result in the investment in qualified property of at least
- 25 ten million dollars and the hiring of at least one hundred new

1 employees. Such ten-million-dollar investment and hiring of at

- 2 least one hundred new employees shall be considered a required
- 3 level of investment and employment for this subsection and for the
- 4 recapture of personal property tax only.
- 5 The following property used in connection with such
- 6 project or projects and acquired by the taxpayer, whether by
- 7 lease or purchase, after the date the application was filed shall
- 8 constitute separate classes of personal property:
- 9 (a) Turbine-powered aircraft, including turboprop,
- 10 turbojet, and turbofan aircraft, except when any such aircraft is
- 11 used for fundraising for or for the transportation of an elected
- 12 official;
- 13 (b) Mainframe business computers used for business
- 14 information processing which require environmental controls of
- 15 temperature and power and which are capable of simultaneously
- 16 supporting more than one transaction and more than one user
- 17 plus peripheral components which require environmental controls
- 18 of temperature and power connected to such computers. Computer
- 19 peripheral components shall be limited to additional memory units,
- 20 tape drives, disk drives, power supplies, cooling units, and
- 21 communication controllers; and
- (c) Personal property which is business equipment located
- 23 in a single project if (i) the business equipment is involved
- 24 directly in the manufacture or processing of agricultural products
- 25 and (ii) the investment in the single project exceeds ten million

1 dollars.

2 Such property shall be eligible for exemption from the 3 tax on personal property from the first January 1 following the date of acquisition for property in subdivision (2)(a) of this 4 5 section, or from the first January 1 following the end of the year during which the required levels were exceeded for property 6 7 in subdivisions (2)(b) and (2)(c) of this section, through the sixteenth December 31 after the filing of the application. In order 9 to receive the property tax exemptions allowed by subdivisions 10 (2)(a), (2)(b), and (2)(c) of this section, the taxpayer shall 11 annually file a claim for exemption with the Property Tax 12 Administrator on or before May 1. The form and supporting schedules 13 shall be prescribed by the Property Tax Administrator and shall 14 list all property for which exemption is being sought under this 15 section. A separate claim for exemption must be filed for each 16 project and each county in which property is claimed to be exempt. A copy of this form must also be filed with the county assessor 17 in each county in which the applicant is requesting exemption. 18 19 The Property Tax Administrator shall determine the eligibility 20 of each item listed for exemption and, on or before August 10, 21 certify such to the taxpayer and to the affected county assessor. 22 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Property Tax 23 Administrator shall be allowed access to the applications and such 24 other records of the Department of Revenue as necessary in order to 25 determine the eligibility for exemption.

1 (3) When the taxpayer has met the required levels of

- 2 employment and investment contained in the agreement, the taxpayer
- 3 shall also be entitled to the following incentives:
- 4 (a) A refund of all sales and use taxes paid under the
- 5 Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, the Local Option Revenue Act, and
- 6 sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 and section 3 of this act from
- 7 the date of the application through the meeting of the required
- 8 levels of employment and investment for all purchases, including
- 9 rentals, of:
- (i) Qualified property used as a part of the project;
- 11 (ii) Property, excluding motor vehicles, based in this
- 12 state and used in both this state and another state in connection
- 13 with the project except when any such property is to be used for
- 14 fundraising for or for the transportation of an elected official;
- 15 (iii) Tangible personal property by the owner of the
- 16 improvement to real estate that is incorporated into real estate as
- 17 a part of a project; and
- 18 (iv) Tangible personal property by a contractor or
- 19 repairperson after appointment as a purchasing agent of the owner
- 20 of the improvement to real estate. The refund shall be based on
- 21 fifty percent of the contract price, excluding any land, as the
- 22 cost of materials subject to the sales and use tax; and
- 23 (b) A refund of the sales and use taxes paid under the
- 24 Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, the Local Option Revenue Act, and
- 25 sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 and section 3 of this act on

1 the types of purchases, including rentals, listed in subdivision

- 2 (a) of this subsection for such taxes paid during each year of
- 3 the entitlement period in which the taxpayer is at or above the
- 4 required levels of employment and investment.
- 5 (4) Any taxpayer who qualifies for the incentives
- 6 contained in subsections (1) and (3) of this section and who has
- 7 added at least thirty new employees at the project shall also be
- 8 entitled to:
- 9 (a) A credit equal to five percent of the amount by which
- 10 the total compensation paid during the year to employees who are
- 11 either Nebraska employees or base-year employees while employed at
- 12 the project exceeds the average compensation paid at the project
- 13 multiplied by the number of equivalent base-year employees.
- 14 For the computation of such credit, average compensation
- 15 shall mean the total compensation paid at the project divided by
- 16 the total number of equivalent employees at the project; and
- 17 (b) A credit equal to ten percent of the investment made
- 18 in qualified property at the project.
- 19 The credits prescribed in subdivisions (a) and (b) of
- 20 this subsection shall be allowable for compensation paid and
- 21 investments made during each year of the entitlement period that
- 22 the taxpayer is at or above the required levels of employment and
- 23 investment.
- 24 The credit prescribed in subdivision (b) of this
- 25 subsection shall also be allowable during the first year of the

1 entitlement period for investment in qualified property at the

- 2 project after the date of the application and before the required
- 3 levels of employment and investment were met.
- 4 Sec. 15. Section 77-4106, Reissue Revised Statutes of
- 5 Nebraska, is amended to read:
- 6 77-4106 (1)(a) The credits prescribed in section 77-4105
- 7 shall be established by filing the forms required by the Tax
- 8 Commissioner with the income tax return for the year. The credits
- 9 may be used after any other nonrefundable credits to reduce the
- 10 taxpayer's income tax liability imposed by sections 77-2714 to
- 11 77-27,135. The credits may be used to obtain a refund of sales and
- 12 use taxes under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, the Local Option
- 13 Revenue Act, and sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 and section
- 14 3 of this act which are not otherwise refundable that are paid on
- 15 purchases, including rentals, for use at the project.
- 16 (b) The credits may be used as allowed in subdivision
- 17 (a) of this subsection and shall be applied in the order in which
- 18 they were first allowed. Any decision on how part of the credit is
- 19 applied shall not limit how the remaining credit could be applied
- 20 under this section.
- 21 (c) The credit may be carried over until fully utilized,
- 22 except that such credit may not be carried over more than eight
- 23 years after the end of the entitlement period.
- 24 (2)(a) No refund claims shall be filed until after the
- 25 required levels of employment and investment have been met.

1 (b) Refund claims shall be filed no more than once each

- 2 quarter for refunds under the Employment and Investment Growth
- 3 Act, except that any claim for a refund in excess of twenty-five
- 4 thousand dollars may be filed at any time.
- 5 (c) Any refund claim for sales and use tax on materials
- 6 incorporated into real estate as a part of the project shall be
- 7 filed by and the refund paid to the owner of the improvement
- 8 to real estate. A refund claim for such materials purchased
- 9 by a purchasing agent shall include a copy of the purchasing
- 10 agent appointment, the contract price, and a certification by
- 11 the contractor or repairperson of the percentage of the materials
- 12 incorporated into the project on which sales and use taxes were
- 13 paid to Nebraska after appointment as purchasing agent.
- 14 (d) All refund claims shall be filed, processed, and
- 15 allowed as any other claim under section 77-2708, except that the
- 16 amounts allowed to be refunded under the Employment and Investment
- 17 Growth Act shall be deemed to be overpayments and shall be refunded
- 18 notwithstanding any limitation in subdivision (2)(a) of section
- 19 77-2708. The refund may be allowed if the claim is filed within
- 20 three calendar years from the end of the year the required levels
- 21 of employment and investment are met or within the period set forth
- 22 in section 77-2708.
- (e) Interest shall not be allowed on any sales and use
- 24 taxes refunded under the Employment and Investment Growth Act.
- 25 (3) The appointment of purchasing agents shall be

1 recognized for the purpose of changing the status of a contractor

- 2 or repairperson as the ultimate consumer of tangible personal
- 3 property purchased after the date of the appointment which is
- 4 physically incorporated into the project and becomes the property
- 5 of the owner of the improvement to real estate. The purchasing
- 6 agent shall be jointly liable for the payment of the sales and use
- 7 tax on the purchases with the owner of the improvement to real
- 8 estate.
- 9 Sec. 16. Section 77-5725, Revised Statutes Supplement,
- 10 2005, is amended to read:
- 11 77-5725 (1) Applicants may qualify for benefits under the
- 12 Nebraska Advantage Act in one of five tiers:
- 13 (a) Tier 1, investment in qualified property of at least
- 14 one million dollars and the hiring of at least ten new employees.
- 15 There shall be no new project applications for benefits under
- 16 this tier filed on or after January 1, 2011, without further
- 17 authorization of the Legislature. All complete project applications
- 18 filed before January 1, 2011, shall be considered by the Tax
- 19 Commissioner and approved if the project and taxpayer qualify
- 20 for benefits. Agreements may be executed with regard to completed
- 21 project applications filed before January 1, 2011. All project
- 22 agreements pending, approved, or entered into before such date
- 23 shall continue in full force and effect;
- 24 (b) Tier 2, investment in qualified property of at least
- 25 three million dollars and the hiring of at least thirty new

- 1 employees;
- 2 (c) Tier 3, the hiring of at least thirty new employees.
- 3 There shall be no new project applications for benefits under
- 4 this tier filed on or after January 1, 2011, without further
- 5 authorization of the Legislature. All complete project applications
- 6 filed before January 1, 2011, shall be considered by the Tax
- 7 Commissioner and approved if the project and taxpayer qualify
- 8 for benefits. Agreements may be executed with regard to completed
- 9 project applications filed before January 1, 2011. All project
- 10 agreements pending, approved, or entered into before such date
- 11 shall continue in full force and effect;
- 12 (d) Tier 4, investment in qualified property of at least
- 13 ten million dollars and the hiring of at least one hundred new
- 14 employees; and
- 15 (e) Tier 5, investment in qualified property of at least
- 16 thirty million dollars and maintaining at least the same number
- 17 of equivalent employees as were employed in the base year for the
- 18 year the taxpayer attains the required level of investment and the
- 19 following nine years.
- 20 (2) When the taxpayer has met the required levels of
- 21 employment and investment contained in the agreement for a tier 1,
- 22 tier 2, tier 4, or tier 5 project, the taxpayer shall be entitled
- 23 to the following incentives:
- (a) A refund of all sales and use taxes for a tier 2,
- 25 tier 4, or tier 5 project or a refund of one-half of all sales

1 and use taxes for a tier 1 project paid under the Local Option

- 2 Revenue Act, the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and sections 13-319,
- 3 13-324, and 13-2813 and section 3 of this act from the date of
- 4 the application through the meeting of the required levels of
- 5 employment and investment for all purchases, including rentals, of:
- 6 (i) Qualified property used as a part of the project;
- 7 (ii) Property, excluding motor vehicles, based in this
- 8 state and used in both this state and another state in connection
- 9 with the project except when any such property is to be used for
- 10 fundraising for or for the transportation of an elected official;
- 11 (iii) Tangible personal property by the owner of the
- 12 improvement to real estate that is incorporated into real estate as
- 13 a part of a project; and
- 14 (iv) Tangible personal property by a contractor or
- 15 repairperson after appointment as a purchasing agent of the owner
- 16 of the improvement to real estate. The refund shall be based on
- 17 fifty percent of the contract price, excluding any land, as the
- 18 cost of materials subject to the sales and use tax; and
- 19 (b) A refund of all sales and use taxes for a tier 2,
- 20 tier 4, or tier 5 project or a refund of one-half of all sales and
- 21 use taxes for a tier 1 project paid under the Local Option Revenue
- 22 Act, the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and sections 13-319, 13-324,
- 23 and 13-2813 and section 3 of this act on the types of purchases,
- 24 including rentals, listed in subdivision (a) of this subsection for
- 25 such taxes paid during each year of the entitlement period in which

1 the taxpayer is at or above the required levels of employment and

- 2 investment.
- 3 (3) Any taxpayer who qualifies for a tier 1, tier 2,
- 4 tier 3, or tier 4 project shall be entitled to a credit equal to
- 5 three percent times the average wage of new employees times the
- 6 number of new employees if the average wage of the new employees
- 7 equals at least sixty percent of the Nebraska average annual wage
- 8 for the year of application. The credit shall equal four percent
- 9 times the average wage of new employees times the number of new
- 10 employees if the average wage of the new employees equals at least
- 11 seventy-five percent of the Nebraska average annual wage for the
- 12 year of application. The credit shall equal five percent times the
- 13 average wage of new employees times the number of new employees
- 14 if the average wage of the new employees equals at least one
- 15 hundred percent of the Nebraska average annual wage for the year of
- 16 application. The credit shall equal six percent times the average
- 17 wage of new employees times the number of new employees if the
- 18 average wage of the new employees equals at least one hundred
- 19 twenty-five percent of the Nebraska average annual wage for the
- 20 year of application. For computation of such credit:
- 21 (a) Average annual wage means the total compensation paid
- 22 to employees during the year at the project who are not base-year
- 23 employees and who are paid wages equal to at least sixty percent
- 24 of the Nebraska average weekly wage for the year of application
- 25 divided by the number of equivalent employees making up such total

- 1 compensation;
- 2 (b) Average wage of new employees means the average
- 3 annual wage paid to employees during the year at the project who
- 4 are not base-year employees and who are paid wages equal to at
- 5 least sixty percent of the Nebraska average weekly wage for the
- 6 year of application; and
- 7 (c) Nebraska average annual wage means the Nebraska
- 8 average weekly wage times fifty-two.
- 9 (4) Any taxpayer who has met the required levels of
- 10 employment and investment for a tier 2 or tier 4 project shall
- 11 receive a credit equal to ten percent of the investment made in
- 12 qualified property at the project. Any taxpayer who has met the
- 13 required levels of investment and employment for a tier 1 project
- 14 shall receive a credit equal to three percent of the investment
- 15 made in qualified property at the project.
- 16 (5) The credits prescribed in subsections (3) and (4)
- 17 of this section shall be allowable for compensation paid and
- 18 investments made during each year of the entitlement period that
- 19 the taxpayer is at or above the required levels of employment and
- 20 investment.
- 21 (6) The credit prescribed in subsection (4) of this
- 22 section shall also be allowable during the first year of the
- 23 entitlement period for investment in qualified property at the
- 24 project after the date of the application and before the required
- 25 levels of employment and investment were met.

1 (7)(a) A taxpayer who has met the required levels of

- 2 employment and investment for a tier 4 project shall receive
- 3 the incentive provided in this subsection. Such investment and
- 4 hiring of new employees shall be considered a required level of
- 5 investment and employment for this subsection and for the recapture
- 6 of benefits under this subsection only.
- 7 (b) The following property used in connection with such
- 8 project or projects and acquired by the taxpayer, whether by
- 9 lease or purchase, after the date the application was filed shall
- 10 constitute separate classes of personal property:
- 11 (i) Turbine-powered aircraft, including turboprop,
- 12 turbojet, and turbofan aircraft, except when any such aircraft is
- 13 used for fundraising for or for the transportation of an elected
- 14 official;
- 15 (ii) Mainframe business computers used for business
- 16 information processing which require environmental controls of
- 17 temperature and power and which are capable of simultaneously
- 18 supporting more than one transaction and more than one user
- 19 plus peripheral components which require environmental controls
- 20 of temperature and power connected to such computers. Computer
- 21 peripheral components shall be limited to additional memory units,
- 22 tape drives, disk drives, power supplies, cooling units, and
- 23 communication controllers;
- 24 (iii) Depreciable personal property used for a
- 25 distribution facility, including, but not limited to, storage

1 racks, conveyor mechanisms, forklifts, and other property used to

- 2 store or move products; and
- 3 (iv) Personal property which is business equipment
- 4 located in a single project if the business equipment is involved
- 5 directly in the manufacture or processing of agricultural products.
- 6 (c) Such property shall be eligible for exemption from
- 7 the tax on personal property from the first January 1 following
- 8 the date of acquisition for property in subdivision (7)(b)(i)
- 9 of this section, or from the first January 1 following the end
- 10 of the year during which the required levels were exceeded for
- 11 property in subdivisions (7)(b)(ii), (iii), and (iv) of this
- 12 section, through the ninth December 31 after the first year the
- 13 property qualifies for the exemption. In order to receive the
- 14 property tax exemptions allowed by subdivisions (7)(b)(i), (ii),
- 15 (iii), and (iv) of this section, the taxpayer shall annually
- 16 file a claim for exemption with the Property Tax Administrator
- 17 on or before May 1. The form and supporting schedules shall be
- 18 prescribed by the Property Tax Administrator and shall list all
- 19 property for which exemption is being sought under this section.
- 20 A separate claim for exemption must be filed for each project and
- 21 each county in which property is claimed to be exempt. A copy
- 22 of this form must also be filed with the county assessor in each
- 23 county in which the applicant is requesting exemption. The Property
- 24 Tax Administrator shall determine the eligibility of each item
- 25 listed for exemption and, on or before August 10, certify such to

the taxpayer and to the affected county assessor. In determining 1 2 the eligibility of items of personal property for exemption, 3 the Property Tax Administrator is limited to the question of whether the property claimed as exempt by the taxpayer falls 4 5 within the classes of property described in subdivision (7)(b) of 6 this section. The determination of whether a taxpayer is eligible 7 to obtain exemption for personal property based on meeting the 8 required levels of investment and employment is the responsibility 9 of the Tax Commissioner. Notwithstanding any other provision of 10 law, the Property Tax Administrator shall be allowed access to the 11 applications and such other records of the Department of Revenue as 12 necessary in order to determine the eligibility for exemption. 13 (8) The investment thresholds in this section for a 14 particular year of application shall be adjusted by the method 15 16

provided in this subsection. Beginning January 1, 2007, and each January 1 thereafter, the Producer Price Index for all commodities, 17 published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor 18 Statistics, for the most recent available period shall be divided 19 by the Producer Price Index for the first quarter of 2006 and 20 the result multiplied by the applicable investment threshold. The 21 investment thresholds shall be adjusted for cumulative inflation 22 since 2006. If the resulting amount is not a multiple of one million dollars, the amount shall be rounded to the next lowest 23 24 one million dollars. The investment thresholds established by this 25 subsection for the year of application apply for purposes of

1 project qualifications for all years of the project. Adjustments do

- 2 not apply to projects after the year of application.
- 3 Sec. 17. Section 77-5726, Revised Statutes Supplement,
- 4 2005, is amended to read:
- 5 77-5726 (1)(a) The credits prescribed in section 77-5725
- 6 shall be established by filing the forms required by the Tax
- 7 Commissioner with the income tax return for the year. The credits
- 8 may be used and shall be applied in the order in which they
- 9 were first allowed. The credits may be used after any other
- 10 nonrefundable credits to reduce the taxpayer's income tax liability
- 11 imposed by sections 77-2714 to 77-27,135. Any decision on how part
- 12 of the credit is applied shall not limit how the remaining credit
- 13 could be applied under this section.
- 14 (b) The taxpayer may use the credit provided in
- 15 subsection (3) of section 77-5725 to reduce the taxpayer's income
- 16 tax withholding employer or payor tax liability under section
- 17 77-2756 or 77-2757 to the extent such liability is attributable to
- 18 the number of new employees at the project. To the extent of the
- 19 credit used, such withholding shall not constitute public funds
- 20 or state tax revenue and shall not constitute a trust fund or be
- 21 owned by the state. The use by the taxpayer of the credit shall not
- 22 change the amount that otherwise would be reported by the taxpayer
- 23 to the employee under section 77-2754 as income tax withheld and
- 24 shall not reduce the amount that otherwise would be allowed by the
- 25 state as a refundable credit on an employee's income tax return as

- 1 income tax withheld under section 77-2755.
- 2 The amount of credits used against income tax withholding
- 3 shall not exceed the withholding attributable to new employees at
- 4 the project. If the amount of credit used by the taxpayer against
- 5 income tax withholding exceeds this amount, the excess withholding
- 6 shall be returned to the Department of Revenue in the manner
- 7 provided in section 77-2756, such excess amount returned shall be
- 8 considered unused, and the amount of unused credits may be used
- 9 as otherwise permitted in this section or shall carry over to the
- 10 extent authorized in subdivision (1)(d) of this section.
- 11 (c) Credits may be used to obtain a refund of sales and
- 12 use taxes under the Local Option Revenue Act, the Nebraska Revenue
- 13 Act of 1967, and sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 and section
- 14 3 of this act which are not otherwise refundable that are paid on
- 15 purchases, including rentals, for use at the project.
- 16 (d) Credits may be carried over until fully utilized,
- 17 except that such credits may not be carried over more than nine
- 18 years after the year of application for a tier 1 or tier 3 project
- 19 or fourteen years after the year of application for a tier 2 or
- 20 tier 4 project.
- 21 (2)(a) No refund claims shall be filed until after the
- 22 required levels of employment and investment have been met.
- 23 (b) Refund claims shall be filed no more than once each
- 24 quarter for refunds under the Nebraska Advantage Act, except that
- 25 any claim for a refund in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars

- 1 may be filed at any time.
- 2 (c) Any refund claim for sales and use taxes on materials
- 3 incorporated into real estate as a part of the project shall be
- 4 filed by and the refund paid to the owner of the improvement
- 5 to real estate. A refund claim for such materials purchased
- 6 by a purchasing agent shall include a copy of the purchasing
- 7 agent appointment, the contract price, and a certification by
- 8 the contractor or repairperson of the percentage of the materials
- 9 incorporated into the project on which sales and use taxes were
- 10 paid to Nebraska after appointment as purchasing agent.
- 11 (d) All refund claims shall be filed, processed, and
- 12 allowed as any other claim under section 77-2708, except that
- 13 the amounts allowed to be refunded under the Nebraska Advantage
- 14 Act shall be deemed to be overpayments and shall be refunded
- 15 notwithstanding any limitation in subdivision (2)(a) of section
- 16 77-2708. The refund may be allowed if the claim is filed within
- 17 three calendar years from the end of the year the required levels
- 18 of employment and investment are met or within the period set forth
- 19 in section 77-2708.
- 20 (e) If a claim for a refund of sales and use taxes
- 21 under the Local Option Revenue Act or sections 13-319, 13-324, and
- 22 13-2813 and section 3 of this act of more than twenty-five thousand
- 23 dollars is filed by June 15 of a given year, the refund shall be
- 24 made on or after November 15 of the same year. If such a claim is
- 25 filed on or after June 16 of a given year, the refund shall not

1 be made until on or after November 15 of the following year. The

- 2 Tax Commissioner shall notify the affected city, village, county,
- 3 or municipal county of the amount of refund claims of sales and
- 4 use taxes under the Local Option Revenue Act or sections 13-319,
- 5 13-324, and 13-2813 and section 3 of this act that are in excess of
- 6 twenty-five thousand dollars on or before July 1 of the year before
- 7 the claims will be paid under this section.
- 8 (f) Interest shall not be allowed on any sales and use
- 9 taxes refunded under the Nebraska Advantage Act.
- 10 (3) The appointment of purchasing agents shall be
- 11 recognized for the purpose of changing the status of a contractor
- 12 or repairperson as the ultimate consumer of tangible personal
- 13 property purchased after the date of the appointment which is
- 14 physically incorporated into the project and becomes the property
- 15 of the owner of the improvement to real estate. The purchasing
- 16 agent shall be jointly liable for the payment of the sales and use
- 17 tax on the purchases with the owner of the improvement to real
- 18 estate.
- 19 (4) A determination that a taxpayer is not engaged in a
- 20 qualified business or has failed to meet or maintain the required
- 21 levels of employment or investment for incentives, exemptions, or
- 22 recapture may be protested to the Tax Commissioner within thirty
- 23 days after the written determination by the Department of Revenue.
- 24 The Tax Commissioner shall issue a written order resolving such
- 25 protests. The determination of the Tax Commissioner may be appealed

to the district court of Lancaster County within thirty days after

- 2 the issuance of the order.
- 3 Sec. 18. Original sections 77-2703.04, 77-2704.31,
- 4 77-4105, and 77-4106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and
- 5 sections 77-2703.01, 77-2711, 77-2712.05, 77-5725, and 77-5726,
- 6 Revised Statutes Supplement, 2005, are repealed.